

#### **Anti-bullying Policy**

#### **Mission Statement:**

Learning and loving with Christ as our teacher.

#### **Policy Review**

This policy will be reviewed in full by the Governing Body.

Review Frequency	Every 4 Years
Last Review Date	December 20
GB Adopted	4/10/21
Next Review Date	Oct 2022
/	

Signature: Linda Payne

Date: 4th October 2021

**Executive Head Teacher** 

Signature: Vivienne Morgan

Date: 4th October 2021

Chair of Governors



This policy should be read in conjunction with the E-Safety Policy.

#### Introduction

Bullying is action taken by one or more children with the deliberate intention of hurting another child, either physically or emotionally.

#### Aims and objectives

Bullying is wrong and damages individual children. We therefore do all we can to prevent it, by developing a school ethos in which bullying is regarded as unacceptable.

We aim, as a school, to produce a safe and secure environment where all can learn without anxiety.

This policy aims to produce a consistent school response to any bullying incidents that may occur.

We aim to make all those connected with the school aware of our opposition to bullying, and we make clear each person's responsibilities with regard to the eradication of bullying in our school.

#### What Is Bullying?

Bullying is the use of aggression with the intention of hurting another person. Bullying results in pain and distress to the victim.

#### Bullying can be:

Emotional	being unfriendly, excluding, tormenting (e.g. hiding books, threatening
	gestures)
Physical	pushing, kicking, hitting, punching or any use of violence
Racist	racial taunts, graffiti, gestures
Sexual	unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments
Homophobic	focusing on the issue of sexuality
Verbal	name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing
Cyber	all areas of internet ,such as email and internet chat room misuse, mobile threats by text messaging and calls and misuse of associated technology i.e. camera and video facilities

Why is it Important to Respond to Bullying?



Bullying hurts. No one deserves to be a victim of bullying. Everybody has the right to be treated with respect. Pupils who are bullying need to learn different ways of behaving.

#### **Objectives of this Policy**

- All governors, teaching and non-teaching staff, pupils and parents should have an understanding of what bullying is.
- All governors, teaching and non-teaching staff should know what the school policy is on bullying, and follow it when bullying is reported.
- All pupils and parents should know what the school policy is on bullying, and what they should do if bullying arises.
- As a school we take bullying seriously. Pupils and parents should be assured that they will be supported when bullying is reported.
- Bullying will not be tolerated.

#### Signs and Symptoms

A child may indicate by signs or behaviour that he or she is being bullied. Adults should be aware of these possible signs and that they should investigate if a child:

- is frightened of walking to or from school
- doesn't want to go on the school/public bus
- begs to be driven to school
- changes their usual routine
- is unwilling to go to school (school phobic)
- begins to truant
- becomes withdrawn, anxious, or lacking in confidence
- starts stammering
- attempts or threatens suicide or runs away
- cries themselves to sleep at night or has nightmares
- feels ill in the morning
- begins to do poorly in school work
- comes home with clothes torn or books damaged
- has possessions which are damaged or go missing
- asks for money or starts stealing money (to pay bully)
- has dinner or other monies continually lost
- has unexplained cuts or bruises
- comes home starving (money/lunch has been stolen)
- becomes aggressive, disruptive or unreasonable
- is bullying other children or siblings
- stops eating
- is frightened to say what's wrong
- gives improbable excuses for any of the above
- is afraid to use the internet or mobile phone



is nervous and jumpy when a cyber message is received

These signs and behaviours could indicate other problems, but bullying should be considered a possibility and should be investigated.

#### **Procedures**

- 1. Report bullying incidents to staff.
- 2. In cases of serious bullying, the incident will be recorded by staff (See Appendix 1).
- 3. In serious cases parents should be informed and will be asked to come in to a meeting to discuss the problem.
- 4. If necessary and appropriate, police will be consulted.
- 5. The bullying behaviour or threats of bullying must be investigated and the bullying stopped quickly.
- 6. An attempt will be made to help the bully (bullies) change their behavior.

#### **Outcomes**

- 1. The bully (bullies) may be asked to genuinely apologise. Other consequences may take place. The behaviour policy will be instigated.
- 2. In serious cases, suspension or even exclusion will be considered
- 3. If possible, the pupils will be reconciled
- 4. After the incident / incidents have been investigated and dealt with, each case will be monitored to ensure repeated bullying does not take place.

#### Prevention

We will use a variety of methods for helping children to prevent bullying. As and when appropriate, these may include:

- writing a set of school rules
- signing a behaviour contract
- writing stories or poems or drawing pictures about bullying
- reading stories about bullying or having them read to a class or assembly
- making up role-plays (or using KIDSCAPE role-plays)
- having discussions about bullying and why it matters

#### The role of Governors

The governing body supports the Head of School in all attempts to eliminate bullying from our school. This policy statement makes it very clear that the governing body does not allow bullying to take place in our school, and that any incidents of bullying that do occur are taken very seriously and dealt with appropriately.



The governing body monitors the incidents of bullying that occur, and reviews the effectiveness of the school policy regularly. The governors require the Head of School to keep accurate records of all incidents of bullying and to report to the governors on request about the effectiveness of school anti-bullying strategies.

The governing body responds within ten days to any request from a parent to investigate incidents of bullying. In all cases, the governing body notifies the Head of School and asks him/her to conduct an investigation into the case and to report back to a representative of the governing body.

#### The role of the Head of School

It is the responsibility of the Head of School to implement the school anti-bullying strategy and to ensure that all staff (both teaching and non-teaching) are aware of the school policy and know how to deal with incidents of bullying. The Head of School reports to the governing body about the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy on request.

The Head of School ensures that all children know that bullying is wrong, and that it is unacceptable behaviour in this school. The Head of School draws the attention of children to this fact at suitable moments. For example, if an incident occurs, the Head of School may decide to use assembly as a forum in which to discuss with other children why this behaviour was wrong, and why a pupil is being punished.

The Head of School ensures that all staff receive sufficient training to be equipped to deal with all incidents of bullying e.g. buddy patrol.

The Head of School sets the school climate of mutual support and praise for success, so making bullying less likely. When children feel they are important and belong to a friendly and welcoming school, bullying is far less likely to be part of their behaviour.

#### The role of the teacher

Teachers in our school take all forms of bullying seriously, and intervene to prevent incidents from taking place.

If teachers witness an act of bullying, they do all they can to support the child who is being bullied. If a child is being bullied over a period of time, then, after consultation with the Head of School, the teacher informs the child's parents.

We keep an anti-bullying folder in the Head of School room where we record all incidents of bullying that occur outside lesson time, either near the school or on the children's way home or to school. If any adult witnesses an act of bullying, they should report incident to the Head of School. There is a worry box enables children to record any bullying incidences.



If, as teachers, we become aware of any bullying taking place between members of a class, we deal with the issue immediately in accordance with the behavioural policy.. This may involve counselling and support for the victim of the bullying, and punishment for the child who has carried out the bullying. We spend time talking to the child who has bullied: we explain why the action of the child was wrong, and we endeavour to help the child change their behaviour in future. If a child is repeatedly involved in bullying other children, we inform the Head of School and the special needs coordinator. We then invite the child's parents into the school to discuss the situation. In more extreme cases, for example where these initial discussions have proven ineffective, the Head of School may contact external support agencies such as the social services.

Teachers routinely attend training, which enables them to become equipped to deal with incidents of bullying and behaviour management.

Teachers attempt to support all children in their class and to establish a climate of trust and respect for all. By praising, rewarding and celebrating the success of all children, we aim to prevent incidents of bullying.

#### The role of parents

Parents who are concerned that their child might be being bullied, or who suspect that their child may be the perpetrator of bullying, should contact their child's class teacher immediately.

Parents have a responsibility to support the school's anti-bullying policy and to actively encourage their child to be a positive member of the school.

#### Monitoring and review

This policy is monitored on a day-to-day basis by the Head of School, who reports to governors about the effectiveness of the policy on request.

This anti-bullying policy is the governors' responsibility and they review its effectiveness annually. They do this by examining the school's anti-bullying logbook, and by discussion with the Head of School. Governors analyse information with regard to gender, age and ethnic background of all children involved in bullying incidents.

#### **Disability Equality Scheme**

This policy supports the school's Disability Equality Scheme and it is available in a range of different formats, for disabled parents and the wider public.

Completed by name and role:

Date and Time:

# Sacred Heart Catholic Primary School

### Initial investigation into hurtful incident or allegation of bullying FORM 1 part 1

Name and role of individual/s making the allegation e.g. pupil, parent/carer, midday supervisory assistant:		
Form of referral e.g. verbal report, lette	er, e-mail, phone call:	
Brief summary of details gathered to date (attached detailed details if appropriate):		
Action taken to date (tick or write as ap	opropriate):	
Incident resolved		
Time out during class time		
Time out during break or lunchtime		
Reflection sheet completed or to be completed		
Factors to determine if incident constitutes bullying sheet completed form 2		
Class teacher informed		
SLT informed		
Headteacher informed		



Parents informed	
Other	
Date: Sign	ned:
bullyi	hurtful incident or allegation of ng by SLT
	\$\$
Completed by name and role:	
Date and Time:	
Actions taken (tick or write as appropr	iate):
Spoke to child/ren	
Time out of class	
Time out at lunchtime	
Reflection sheet completed	
Parents met	
Child/ren on report card	
Behaviour support for child put in place	e
Risk Assessment Management Plan completed	
Bullying Report & Monitoring Form	



complete	d – form 3		
Support for Bullied Child Form completed – form 4a			
	Support for the Child who has Bullied form completed – form 4b		
Other			
Date:	Signed:		
Fac	tors to help determine if incid	lent constitutes bullying	
☐ Incider	nt was bullying (all 3 amber warnings co	onfirmed)	
	Hurt has been deliberately/knowingly of It is a repeated incident or experience or the involvement of a group Involves an imbalance of power:  target feels s/he cannot defend perpetrator/s exploiting their po abusive language, labelling/nar	e.g. multiple incidents, cyberbullying her/himself, or wer (size, age, popularity, coolness,	
☐ Incider	nt was not bullying on this occasion bec	ause it was	
<ul> <li>the first hurtful incident between these children</li> <li>teasing/banter between friends without intention to cause hurt (should not happen again)</li> <li>falling out between friends after a quarrel, disagreement or misunderstanding</li> <li>conflict that got out of hand (should not happen again)</li> <li>activities that all parties have consented to and enjoyed (check for subtle coercion)</li> <li>got out of hand</li> <li>parental concern</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>			
_	n process agreed:		

Support and/or sanc	tion for those	causing hurt or	offence:
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Support	needed	for the	hurt	narty	,-
OUDDOLL	HCCGCG	101 1110	HULL	Daity	

Focus of Bullying/Hurtful Behaviour
Please tick all elements which apply in your understanding of the incident(s) and record specific language:

	Definitely applies	Possibly applies
Age/ Maturity		
Appearance		
Size/weight		
Class/Socio-economic		
Family circumstance (e.g. caring role)		
Ethnicity/Race		
Religion/Belief		
Gender		
Transphobia/Gender identity		
Homophobia/sexuality		
Sexualised		
SEN and Disability		
Ability/application		

#### **Integrated Bullying and Racist Incident Record**

For each incident please complete one form and return to the <u>designated teacher</u> for collation and monitoring.

#### 1. Focus of Bullying/Harassment

Please tick all elements which apply in your understanding of the incident(s):

	Definitely applies	Possibly applies
Ability		
Age/ Maturity		
Appearance		
Class/Socio-economic		
Learning Difficulties and Disability		
Ethnicity/Race*		
Religion/Belief*		
Institutional Racism*		
Gender		
Homophobia		
Sexualised		
Size		

<sup>\*</sup>See County Guidelines on Dealing with Racist Incidents

#### 2. Manifestations of Bullying/Harassment (indicate those that apply)

Perception of individual: feelings of being	
bullied/harassed	
Isolation/ignoring	
Teasing	
General expressions of prejudice/stereotype	
Racist literature, graffiti or insignia	
Verbal abuse or name calling (specify below)	



Targeted graffiti or hurtful note writing	
Threats including threatened physical assault	
Mobile phone/text message bullying/harassment	
Internet related bullying/harassment	
Camera phone bullying/harassment	
Actual physical assault	
Other:	

- 3. Those involved please also record where appropriate:
  - adults as targets or perpetrators (A)
  - perpetrators from outside the school community (O)
  - children/young people who are Children Looked After (CLA) or who have Learning Difficulties or Disabilities (LDD)

Targeted/wronged/distressed person/s (including ethnicity and other relevant diversity issues)	Person/s giving offence (including ethnicity and other relevant diversity issues)

4. Description of incident(s)

Please give a precise account including places, date, times and any witnesses. Attach any further information (e.g. pupils' accounts, witness accounts, notes of meetings)

N.B. Indicate if it is a repeat incident.

N.B. indicate if a serious incident referral should be made to the LA.

5. Action taken:

Please record all steps (including meetings, letters, investigations, sanctions)

6. Summary of those notified and/or involved

(Delete italic options where applicable)	<b>✓</b>	Any details (e.g. dates)
Head Teacher		(eng. dence)
Chair of Governors		
Form tutor/class teacher		
Head of Year		
'Target' parents/carers notified by		
letter/telephone/in person		
'Target' parents/carers invited to the school		
'Offending person/s' parents/carers notified by		
letter/telephone/in person		



'Offending person/s' parents/carers invited to the		
school		
CAF initiated for target/offending person		
Local Authority: SEA/SIP, Anti-Bullying adviser or		
MECS		
Police		
Others (specify):		
7. Date for monitoring progress of those involve check that all parties are progressing well according to the control of the c		ent and
Date:		
Member of staff:		
Name:	Date:	
Name: Outcomes/actions from follow up.	 Date:	
	 Date:	
Outcomes/actions from follow up.  Investigation:	 Date:	

Outcome:

Parents informed



### Support provided for bullied child form 4a



(Priority should be given to taking steps to ensure bullied children continue to attend)



*N.B. If the bullying leads to persistent, long-lasting difficulties that cause the child or young person to have significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of those of the same age, then schools should consider whether the child will benefit from being assessed for SEN. new draft SEN code of practice
Pupil feeling safe online:
Pupil feeling safe on journeys to and from school:
Pupil feeling safe at school:
Partnership with parents:
Mental or emotional difficulties:
Social issues:
Attendance:



### Actions and Guidance provided for child who has bullied FORM 4b



Disciplinary measures must be applied fairly, consistently, and reasonably taking account of any special educational needs or disabilities that the pupils may have and taking into account the needs of vulnerable pupils. It is also important to consider the motivations behind bullying behaviour and whether it reveals any concerns for the safety of the perpetrator. Where this is the case the child engaging in bullying may need support themselves.

Separate on-site provision	Action taken & Support provided
Regular contact with chosen member of staff	
Restorative justice process	
Sanction	
Corrective education	
Removal to different form/teaching group	
Pastoral team support	
Formal counselling	
Parental meetings	
CAF	
CAMHS	
Other	
Post-incident impact monitoring and further	action
Relationship repaired:	



Achievement/Ability to learn*:
Attendance:
Social issues:
Mental or emotional difficulties:
Partnership with parents:
Pupil feeling safe at school:
Pupil feeling safe online: